

Phasors and

- Opamps
- Spice

Opamps

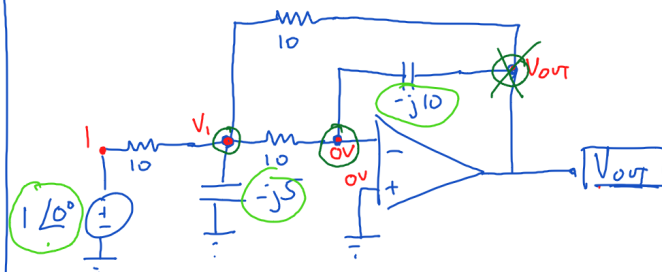
- Golden Rules $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{no current into inputs} \\ \underline{v^+ = v^-} \text{ if neg feedback} \end{array} \right.$
- Squires Rules for Analysis $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{KCL (Node) Inputs} \\ \underline{\text{Never KCL at outputs}} \end{array} \right.$



$$\frac{1}{-j5} \quad 1/(-j5)$$

$$\frac{j}{5} \quad j/5$$

Ex



$$V_1: \frac{V_1 - 1}{10} + \frac{V_1}{-j5} + \frac{V_1}{10} + \frac{V_1 - V_{out}}{10} = 0$$

$$V_1(3 + j2) - V_{out} = 1$$

$$-jV_{out}(3 + j2) - V_{out} = 1$$

$$V_2: \frac{0 - V_1}{10} + \frac{0 - V_{out}}{-j10} = 0$$

$$V_1 \left(\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{-j5} + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} \right) + V_{out} \left(-\frac{1}{10} \right) = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$V_1 \left(-\frac{1}{10} \right) + V_{out} \left(\frac{1}{j10} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{V_1}{10} = \frac{V_{out}}{j10} \Rightarrow V_1 = -jV_{out}$$

$$-j3V_{out} + V_{out}2 - V_{out} = 1$$

$$V_{out}(1 - j3) = 1$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{1}{1 - j3} = 0.316 \angle 71.6^\circ$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{10} + \frac{j}{5} & -\frac{1}{10} \\ -\frac{1}{10} & \frac{j}{10} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_{out} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{10} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_{out} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.316 \angle -18.4^\circ \\ 0.316 \angle 71.6^\circ \end{bmatrix}$$

TI-89 keystrokes to solve the matrix equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{10} + \frac{j}{5} & -\frac{1}{10} \\ -\frac{1}{10} & -\frac{j}{10} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_{out} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{10} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

First, put into correct mode:

- Angle → Degrees
- Complex Format → Polar
- Exact/Approx → Approx

`cSolve((3/10+i/5)x - 1/10y = 1/10 and -0.1x - i/10y = 0, {x, y})`

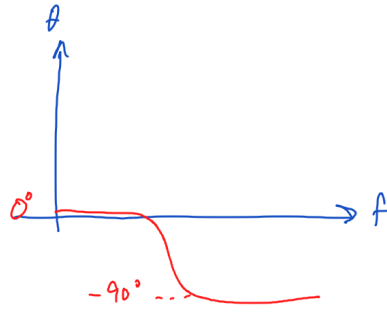
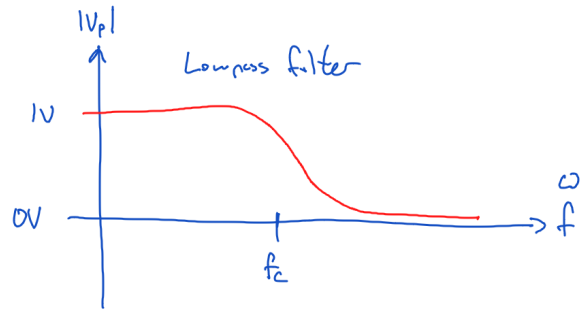
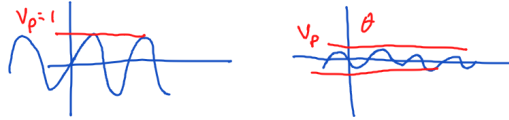
Result: $x = 0.316 \angle -18.4^\circ$, $y = 0.316 \angle 71.6^\circ$

See the handout "How to use your TI-89" in lesson 23 for far greater detail.

Spice & Phasors

Concept: Given SSS voltage input $1 \cos(\omega t)$ sweeping ω
 $1 \cos(2\pi f t)$

Find magnitude (V_p) of output



$$\cos(\omega t)$$

$$\cos(2\pi f t)$$

$$1 \angle 0^\circ$$

